Algemene Rekenkamer

Auditing water issues Experiences of Supreme Audit institutions



WGEA Paper

INTOSAI WG Environmental Auditing

Warsaw, June 2003





"The world water crisis is a crisis of governance – not one of scarcity"

HRH the Prince of Orange of the Netherlands, Johannesburg, 2002





Structure of the paper

- Overview of water issues
 - Public involvement in water issues
- International agreements and organisations
- Overview of water-audits by SAIs
- Results of water audits
- Conclusions and recommendations



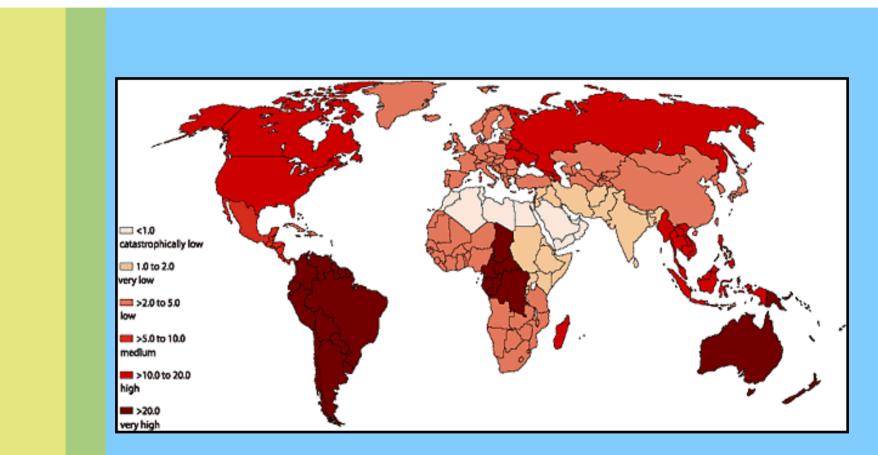
Water resources



2,5% of the total water volume is fresh water Less than 1 % of all fresh water is accessible for human use



Water availability



1,000 m3 per capita/year; source: UNEP.

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Water quality

- Fresh water pollution:
- Human waste and sewage
- Industry and mining
- Agriculture (pesticides, fertilizers, menure)

Marine pollution:

- Land based sources
- Maritime transport, oil and gas platforms





Public involvement in water issues

Policy instruments:

- General water policy
- Water pricing
- Water legislation
- Permits
- Inspection and enforcement
- Fees and fines

- Investments in infrastructure
- Scientific research
- Providing information to the public
- Monitoring and evaluation

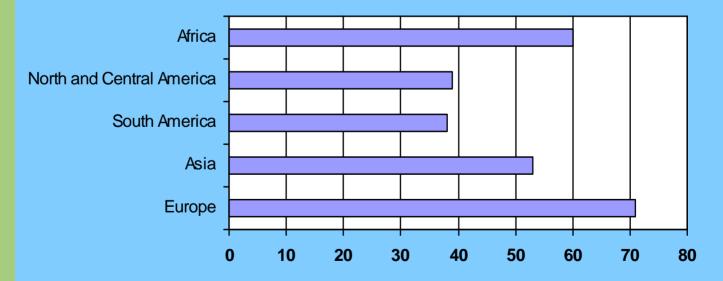
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International agreements

Number of international river basins



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International agreements

Number of international agreements

Water resources and conservation ma	nagement 20
Desertification	6
Seawater quality and pollution	91
Marine resources conservation and ma	anagement 32
Fishing management	54

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International organisations

• UNEP

- UNDP
- UNESCO
- FAO
- Secretariats





SAIs audit activities

Frequently used types of audit:

- Compliance with national environmental laws and regulations
- Implementation of environmental programmes
- Evaluation of impacts or effects of existing environmental programmes
- Environmental effects of non-environmental programmes
- Government environmental management systems





SAIs audit activities

Rivers & lakes, waste water & sewage and drinking water are audited most

- Many initiatives by Working Group members
- Examples selected to illustrate a wide range of topics and approaches





Audit examples

- Water quality
- Rivers and lakes
- Flooding
- Drinking water and sanitation
- Water in relation to nature and biodiversity
- Marine environment





Recommendations

The Working Group recommends SAIs to continue to perform water audits

- The Working Group recommends SAIs (to continue) to exchange experiences and to cooperate
- Co-operation within regional working groups is desirable
- Additional communication strategies might increase the effectivity of SAIs in the region

'Mutual experience benefits all'

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